
CC1, the 13/09/2019 (20mn)

Documents are not allowed

Surname :

First name :

Question. Give an example of a Hilbert separable complex space which is of infinite dimension. Write down the corresponding inner product.

Exercise 1. Let $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ be some inner product on \mathbb{C}^n , where $n \in \mathbb{N}^*$. Fix some complex unitary matrix A of size $n \times n$, which means that $A^* = {}^t \bar{A} = A^{-1}$.

1.1. Give an example of a *non diagonal* unitary matrix A which is of size 2×2 .

$$A = \left(\begin{array}{cc} & \\ & \end{array} \right)$$

1.2. Let λ be an eigenvalue of A . Prove that $|\lambda| = 1$.

1.3. Show that the eigenvectors corresponding to distinct eigenvalues are orthogonal.

1.4. Prove that there is an orthogonal basis of the whole space, consisting of eigenvectors.

T.S.V.P \implies

Exercise 2. We denote by $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ the inner product on $L^2(\mathbb{R})$, with associated norm $\| u \|$. By a spectral argument coming from the course, prove that

$$\forall u \in \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}), \quad \| u \|^2 \leq \langle (-\partial_{xx}^2 + x^2)u, u \rangle,$$

where $\mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R})$ is the Schwartz space.

Exercise 3. On $\mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R})$, consider the operators $L^+ := -\partial_x + x$ and $L^- := \partial_x + x$. Compute the commutator $[L^+; L^-]$.